

HIGHLIGHTS IN ROMANS

Review Questions with Answers

Introduction to Romans and Paul's Greeting

1. Paul wrote the epistle to the Romans from what place?
Answer: Corinth
2. Paul wrote the epistle to Romans on which missionary journey?
Answer: The third
3. Who carried the epistle to Rome?
Answer: Phebe
4. Rome is located on what river?
Answer: The Tiber
5. What was the city's harbor named and how far was it from the city?
Answer: Portus - 15 miles
6. The city is situated on how many hills?
Answer: Seven
7. About what percentage of the population were slaves?
Answer: Half
8. What was the Imperial Cult?
Answer: The worship of the caesars
9. What was a circus in the Roman cities?
Answer: A hippodrome for chariot races and other athletic activities
10. What was the seating capacity of the Circus Maximus in Rome?
Answer: 250,000
11. Who boasted that he found the city of brick and left it of marble?
Answer: Caesar Augustus
12. What year did this man die?
Answer: AD 14
13. What was the Roman name of Rome's chief god and what was the Greek name?
Answer: Jupiter - Zeus
14. What is the most prominent theme of the Romans epistle?
Answer: Romans is an exposition on the gospel of Jesus Christ.
15. Romans answers what great question?
Answer: "How can a sinner be righteous before God?"
16. The terms "righteous," "righteousness," and "justify" are used nearly how many times in Romans.
Answer: 60
17. What is the meaning of justification?
Answer: Declared righteous
18. Why was Samuel Clemens puzzled because a wicked boy and a religious boy both drowned?
Answer: He thought salvation is by good works.
19. What is the second theme of Romans as per the notes?
Answer: Romans is a divinely-inspired systematic theology.

20. What is the third theme of Romans as per the notes?

Answer: Romans is an exposition on Christian living.

21. What is the fourth theme as per the notes?

Answer: Romans is an exposition on Israel's present and future.

22. Why did Paul introduce himself as a "servant of Jesus Christ" before stating that he is an apostle?

Answer: He was expressing humility and servitude

23. What are three ways the word "apostle" is used in the Bible?

Answer: (1) The apostles of Christ (2) Apostles of the churches (3) Jesus Christ

24. In what passage (book and chapter) is Epaphroditus called an apostle or messenger?

Answer: Philippians 2

25. In what sense did Paul separate himself unto the gospel?

Answer: The gospel was his priority in life, his main business.

26. What is the meaning of Jesus Christ being "made of the seed of David according to the flesh"?

Answer: He inherits David's covenant.

27. How do we know that the Bible term "saint" applies to all believers?

Answer: That is how it is used throughout the New Testament.

28. What is the meaning of "grace"?

Answer: The unmerited blessing of God

29. What is "peace from God"?

Answer: Reconciliation with God on the basis of Christ's atonement

30. In what sense is peace from God our Father?

Answer: The Father sent the Son to be the Saviour of the world.

31. In what sense is peace from the Lord Jesus Christ?

Answer: He gave Himself for sins.

The Gospel Part I Condemnation (Romans 1:18 - 3:20)

1. Paul's gospel in Romans begins with what bad news?

Answer: All men are condemned sinners and there is nothing they can do to save themselves.

2. This message is summarized in what four verses?

Answer: Romans 1:18; 3:9-10, 23

3. Why does Paul spend so much time on this theme before he deals with the grace of Christ?

Answer: Men must know they are sinners and are under God's condemnation so they will cast themselves upon Jesus Christ for salvation

4. Why is it important to understand that God is a God of judgment? Why not focus on His love?

Answer: God's love cannot be understood until His judgment is understood.

5. What is the meaning of "they hold the truth in unrighteousness"?

Answer: They know the truth but don't obey it; they suppress it.

6. What is the meaning of agnosticism?

Answer: The existence of God is unknowable.

7. What verse says men are without excuse because of the light of creation?

Answer: Romans 1:18

8. What aspect of God can be seen by the light of creation?

Answer: His eternal power and Godhead

9. What Greek word is translated “power” in Romans 1:18?

Answer: Dunamis

10. What is the source of idolatry?

Answer: Man’s darkened heart

11. Is it possible for an idolater to be wise in God’s eyes?

Answer: No

12. To make idols is to break what commandment of God?

Answer: The second

13. How many times is idolatry called a “lie” in Scripture?

Answer: Eight

14. What is the essence of idolatry?

Answer: To worship the creation more than God

15. When man invented idolatry, what three things did God give them up to?

Answer: Uncleanliness; vile affections; a reprobate mind

16. In Romans 1, Paul calls homosexuality by what six terms?

Answer: Vile affection, against nature, unseemly, error, reprobate mind, not convenient

17. The conscience does what three things according to Romans 2:15?

Answer: Bears witness, accuses, excuses

18. How will men be judged by Paul’s gospel if they have never heard it?

Answer: They will be judged by the light of creation and the light of conscience.

19. What are three verses in the Bible which state that God will judge man’s secrets?

Answer: Ecclesiastes 12:14; Luke 8:17; Romans 2:16

20. What is the seven-fold indictment of Romans against all men?

Answer: All under sin; none righteous; none understands; none seeks after God; all gone out of the way; together become unprofitable; none good

21. What is the purpose of the law of Moses?

Answer: To show man his sinful condition and condemnation and to lead him to Christ.

22. How did Paul state that the law of Moses is for all men?

Answer: Its purpose is that every mouth may be stopped, and all the world become guilty before God.

The Gospel Part II Free Justification (Romans 3:21 - 4:25)

1. The gospel of Romans is salvation by God’s _____ on the basis of _____ through _____ without _____.

Answer: Grace - Christ’s atonement - faith - works

2. What is the meaning of justification?

Answer: Declared righteous by God on the basis of Christ’s atonement

3. How did the law of Moses witness of God’s salvation?

Answer: By types and figures

4. How did the prophets witness of God’s salvation?

Answer: By the Messianic prophecies

5. What are seven Messianic prophecies (with Scripture references, books and chapters)?
Answer: Virgin birth (Isa. 7), birth in Bethlehem (Mic. 5), ministry in Galilee (Isa. 9), miracles (Isa. 35), gospel preaching (Isa. 61), rejection by Israel (Isa. 53), corrupt trial (Isa. 53), beating (Isa. 53), crucifixion (Ps. 22), sacrificial atonement (Isa. 53), burial with the rich (Isa. 53), resurrection (Ps. 16), ascension (Ps. 110)
6. In what way in Romans 3 does Paul say that salvation is available to all men?
Answer: It is "unto all and upon all them that believe"
7. What does Scripture mean when it says "all have ... come short of the glory of God"?
Answer: To be a sinner and to fail to have God's righteousness
8. What word in Romans 3:24 states that justification is not of works?
Answer: Freely
9. What is the meaning of salvation by "grace"?
Answer: Salvation by the free, unmerited favor of God
10. What is the meaning of "redemption"?
Answer: To purchase with a price
11. What was the redemption price?
Answer: The blood of Christ
12. What is the Hebrew word for the kinsman redeemer?
Answer: Gawal
13. In Ruth, who is the kinsman redeemer?
Answer: Boaz
14. The Messiah is called the kinsman redeemer in what two Bible books?
Answer: Job and Isaiah
15. What is the meaning of "propitiation"?
Answer: To satisfy a debt
16. Romans 3 teaches the _____, _____ death of Christ.
Answer: Vicarious, substitutionary
17. How could God forgive sins before Christ died?
Answer: Christ is the lamb slain from the foundation of the world.
18. How does Christ's death make it possible for God to "be just, and the justifier of him which believeth in Jesus"?
Answer: God can justify the sinner and remain just because the penalty required by His law has been satisfied by Christ.
19. Why does salvation by God's grace exclude boasting?
Answer: Salvation is entirely of God; the believing sinner has nothing to boast of.
20. What verse says God justifies the ungodly?
Answer: Romans 4:5
21. What does Scripture mean when it says that Abraham's faith was counted for righteousness?
Answer: God credited Christ's righteousness to Abraham because of his faith.
22. What is the Greek word translated "counted" in Romans 4?
Answer: Logizomai
23. What are two other ways this word is translated in the King James Bible?
Answer: Reckon, impute
24. In Romans 4, Paul cited what psalm to show David's understanding of justification by faith without works?
Answer: Psalm 32

25. What verse in that psalm states salvation by faith?

Answer: Verse 10

26. Why does Romans 4 contain a lengthy passage about Abraham's faith?

Answer: Saving faith is a certain kind of faith.

27. What is the first element of Abraham's faith that is listed in the notes?

Answer: It was based on the Word of God.

28. What verse says faith comes by hearing God's Word?

Answer: Romans 10:17

29. Romans says Abraham "considered his own body now dead." What does this teach us about saving faith?

Answer: Abraham did not trust in man's abilities or efforts.

30. Abraham was persuaded that God could do what?

Answer: What He has promised to do

The Believer's New Standing before God (Romans 5:12-21)

1. How do we know that these things are the believer's present possessions?

Answer: The word "now" is used in verses 9 and 11.

2. In Christ's Parable of the Wedding Feast, why was one man cast out?

Answer: He was not wearing the proper wedding garment.

3. What does the believer's new standing of grace mean?

Answer: The believer is accepted by God, justified, reconciled, adopted.

4. What is the access into this new standing?

Answer: Faith

5. What passage (book and chapter) says that sinners will not stand in the congregation of the righteous?

Answer: Psalm 1

6. Salvation "hope" is defined as sure in what two passages (book and chapter)?

Answer: Hebrews 6 and 2 Thessalonians 2

7. What is "hope" called in these passages?

Answer: "An anchor of the soul, both sure and steadfast" and an "everlasting consolation"

8. What is the meaning of the word "rejoice" in the phrase "rejoice in hope of the glory of God"?

Answer: To boast of, to have confidence in

9. In this passage, what two things does "the glory of God" refer to?

Answer: (1) God's character (2) The splendor and wealth of God's kingdom

10. What is the meaning of "glory in tribulations"?

Answer: To be confident in tribulation because of God's promises.

11. What is the meaning of to be "saved from wrath"?

Answer: To be saved from God's judgment on sin

12. Why is the believer saved from wrath?

Answer: The wrath of God fell upon Christ in the believer's place.

13. What does the Bible mean when it says the believers "joy in God"?

Answer: They rejoice in Him for His wonderful character.

14. Why are the words "free" and "gift" and "grace" repeated so many times in Romans 5:12-21?

Answer: To emphasize that salvation is entirely of grace without works

15. What verse says “by one man sin entered into the world, and death by sin”?

Answer: Romans 5:12

16. Does this verse teach that men are condemned only because of Adam?

Answer: No - all have sinned

17. Why did Jesus not inherit sin from Eve?

Answer: Jesus was born of a woman, and the sin comes from Adam.

18. Romans 5:12-21 says Christ brings what five things to those who believe?

Answer: The gift of grace, justification, deliverance, life, righteousness

The Believer’s Holiness (Romans 6)

1. What one key does Romans give for spiritual victory?

Answer: No one key

2. How does Romans 6 teach that biblical baptism is by immersion?

Answer: It says the believer is buried in baptism.

3. How does Romans 6 teach that baptism is a picture of Christ’s death, burial, and resurrection?

Answer: It uses the term “likeness.”

4. What are four things signified by the term “walk” in Romans 6?

Answer: Action; forward movement; gradual movement; having one’s feet on the ground

5. “Reckon” in Romans 6 is to do what?

Answer: To understand one’s position in Christ and to count on it being true.

6. What verse says the wages of sin is death?

Answer: Romans 6:23

7. What is the second death and in what passage (book and chapter) is it described?

Answer: Eternal suffering in the lake of fire - Revelation 20

8. “have fruit unto holiness” is what tense in Greek and what does this mean for the Christian life?

Answer: Present - Holiness is to be the believer’s way of life

Life as a Son of God (Romans 8:14-39)

1. What is the theme of Romans 8:14-39?

Answer: New life as an adopted son of God

2. What three evidences of sonship are found in this passage?

Answer: The sons of God are led by the Spirit, have the Spirit of adoption, and have the witness of the Spirit

3. What is the meaning of being a joint-heir with Christ?

Answer: To inherit everything Christ has

4. What is the manifestation of the sons of God?

Answer: When the sons of God will be resurrected and glorified and will rule and reign with Christ.

5. What is “the redemption of our body”?

Answer: The resurrection

6. What verse says the Holy Spirit is the earnest of the redemption?

Answer: Ephesians 1:14

7. What passage (book and chapter) has the most extensive description of the resurrection?

Answer: 1 Corinthians 15

8. What are six characteristics of the resurrection body according to this passage?

Answer: Incorruption; glory; power; spiritual; heavenly; immortal

9. How does Romans 8:21 define the manifestation of the sons of God?

Answer: To be delivered from the bondage of corruption into the glorious liberty of the children of God

10. What are five characteristics of this present life according to Romans 8?

Answer: Suffering; waiting; subject to vanity; bondage of corruption; groaning and traveling in pain

11. What is the meaning of "saved by hope" in Romans 8:24?

Answer: The believer must have hope of his full salvation.

12. What four things does Hebrews 6 teach about the "hope" of salvation?

Answer: It is full assurance; strong consolation; an anchor of the soul; sure and steadfast

13. According to Hebrews 6, why is the believer's hope of salvation sure?

Answer: It depends on Christ who has died for our sins, risen from the dead, ascended to heaven, and is our high priest.

14. According to Romans 8:25, what is the source of patience in the Christian life?

Answer: Hope

15. What verse says all things work together for good to the believer?

Answer: Romans 8:28

16. This promise is for what type of person, according to the verse itself?

Answer: Them that love God, them who are called according to his purpose

17. Does this verse say all things that happen to the believer are good?

Answer: No, it says all things work together for good.

18. Why did Jacob say that all things were against him?

Answer: He was living by sight and not by faith.

19. Why did Naomi say that her name should be Mara or bitter?

Answer: She was living by sight and not by faith.

What about Israel? (Romans 9-11)

1. What is the question that is answered in Romans 9-11?

Answer: Have God's covenants with Israel failed?

2. What is the short answer to this question?

Answer: God is not finished with Israel, and He will yet fulfill His covenants with Israel when He has completed the building of the church.

3. What are the key verses in this passage?

Answer: Romans 11:25-27

4. What are three errors that are refuted by Romans 9-11?

Answer: (1) The allegorical method of interpreting prophecy (2) replacement theology (3) Mid-tribulation and post-tribulation Rapture

5. According to Romans 10:9-13, what are three characteristics of saving faith?

Answer: (1) to believe the gospel from the heart. (2) to confess Jesus Christ with the mouth. (3) to call upon Christ

6. In Romans 10:6-7, what Old Testament passage does Paul cite?

Answer: Deuteronomy 30:11-14

7. What change does Paul make in this Old Testament passage?

Answer: He changes “do it” to “the word of faith.”

8. The words of Deuteronomy are the words of the ____ and the words of Romans 10 are the words of the _____.

Answer: Law - gospel

9. Why does Paul have the right to change the Scripture like this?

Answer: He is writing by the Holy Spirit.

10. In Romans 10:11, Paul quotes from what Old Testament scripture?

Answer: Isaiah 28:16

11. What are three changes that Paul makes to this verse under direction of the Holy Spirit?

Answer: (1) “he that” is changed to “whosoever” (2) “on him” is added (3) “make haste” is changed to “shall not be ashamed”

12. When Paul says “all Israel shall be saved,” what does he mean?

Answer: The true Israel will be saved, which are those that repent and believe.

13. What book and chapter describes the repentance of Israel in the day of the Lord?

Answer: Zechariah 12

14. What passage (book and chapter) says one-third of Israel will be saved?

Answer: Zechariah 13

15. What “covenant” is referred to in Romans 11:27?

Answer: New Covenant

16. What two books of prophecy describe this covenant most extensively?

Answer: Jeremiah and Ezekiel

17. What book and chapter in the prophets uses the name “new covenant”?

Answer: Jeremiah 31

18. Paul says all things are “through” God. What does this mean?

Answer: God sustains all things.

19. Paul says all things are “to” God. What does this mean?

Answer: All things belong to God, exist for Him.

Knowing God’s Will (Romans 12)

1. What is the first lesson on knowing God’s will?

Answer: It begins with salvation.

2. What does “therefore” in Romans 12:1 refer to?

Answer: Romans 11:36, “For of him, and through him, and to him, are all things.”

3. To prove the will of God means what?

Answer: To test everything to see if it is God’s will

4. In Romans 12, Paul mentions “one body”; what does this refer to?

Answer: The church body

5. Why does surrender to God require renewing the mind and not conforming to the world?

Answer: If the believer does not renew the mind and separate from the world, he will not maintain surrender.

6. The verbs in Romans 12:1-2 are what Greek tense which signifies what kind of action?

Answer: Present - continual

7. What is a “living sacrifice”?

Answer: The sacrifice of my life to do God’s will

8. Why is it reasonable to surrender one's life to Christ?

Answer: It is the purpose of man's life.

9. What two verses describe the false Christianity of living according to one's own lusts?

Answer: 2 Timothy 4:3-4

10. What verse says, "whosoever therefore will be a friend of the world is the enemy of God"?

Answer: James 4:4

11. What verse says, "love not the world, neither the things that are in the world"?

Answer: 1 John 2:15

12. What verse defines the world as "the lust of the flesh, the lust of the eyes, and the pride of life"?

Answer: 1 John 2:16

13. What verse says pure religion is to "keep himself unspotted from the world"?

Answer: James 1:27

14. What verse says to have "no fellowship with the unfruitful works of darkness"?

Answer: Ephesians 5:11

15. According to Romans 12, how is the believer's life transformed?

Answer: By the renewing of the mind

16. How is this accomplished?

Answer: By the Scripture

17. What is the Greek word for "transformed"?

Answer: Metamorphoo

18. What verse says, "This book of the law shall not depart out of thy mouth; but thou shalt meditate therein day and night"?

Answer: Joshua 1:8

19. What verse says those who delight in God's Word and meditate therein day and night" will prosper?

Answer: Psalm 1:2

20. What verse says the young man cleanses his way by taking heed to God's Word?

Answer: Psalm 119:9

21. What verse says God's Word is a lamp to the feet and a light to the path?

Answer: Psalm 119:105

22. What verse says the Word of God is able to build you up?

Answer: Acts 20:32

23. What two verses say if you continue in God's Word you will know the truth and the truth will make you free?

Answer: John 8:31-32

24. What passage (book and chapter) says if we behold Christ's image in Scripture, we are changed into the same image?

Answer: 2 Corinthians 3

25. The word "changed" is what Greek word?

Answer: Metamorph

26. What passage (book and chapter) says all Scripture is given by God and is profitable that the man of God might be perfect?

Answer: 2 Timothy 3

27. What verse says as newborn babes desire the milk of the Word that you may grow thereby?

Answer: 1 Peter 2:2

28. What passage (book and chapter) says Scripture is the mind of Christ?

Answer: 1 Corinthians 2

29. The section of Romans 12 on spiritual gifts and callings begins with what?

Answer: An exhortation “not to think of himself more highly than he ought to think”

30. What is the meaning of “think soberly”?

Answer: To think in a right way and not to think too highly of ones calling

31. What are two types of prophetic gifts?

Answer: Fore-telling and forth-telling

32. What verse says prophecies will fail?

Answer: 1 Corinthians 14:3

33. What verse says prophesying is to speak unto men to edification, and exhortation, and comfort?

Answer: 1 Corinthians 14:3

34. What are the seven spiritual gifts mentioned in Romans 12?

Answer: Prophecy, ministry, teaching, exhortation, giving, ruling, showing mercy

35. What is the meaning of “let love be without dissimulation”?

Answer: Love is to be without hypocrisy.

36. What is the Greek word for the love of God that believers are to show to one another?

Answer: Agape

37. What is the meaning of this type of love?

Answer: It is a self-sacrificial, giving love

38. What is the meaning of “abhor that which is evil”?

Answer: To hate that which is evil

39. The command to “abhor that which is evil” refutes what popular evangelical philosophy today?

Answer: To be positive and accepting

40. What is the Greek word for “brotherly love”?

Answer: Philadelphia

41. What is the meaning of “rejoicing in hope”?

Answer: To have confidence in God’s promises

42. According to Romans 12, the believer is to exercise what in tribulation?

Answer: Patience

43. What are three ways that Romans 12 exhorts the believers to be humble?

Answer: “not to think of himself more highly than he ought”; “in honour preferring one another”; “mind not high things”

44. What is the meaning of “continuing instant in prayer”?

Answer: To continue in prayer, to be persistent

45. In how many chapters in Proverbs is slothfulness condemned?

Answer: 11

46. How does the believer put away the spirit of vengeance?

Answer: (1) By considering that he is dearly beloved (2) By giving place unto wrath (3) By leaving vengeance to God (4) By loving one’s enemies (5) By overcoming evil with good

Relationship with Civil Government (Romans 13:1-7)

1. In Romans 13, government officials are called what?

Answer: God's ministers

2. What government was in power when Paul wrote Romans 13?

Answer: The Roman government

3. What are four things the believer owes to government in this present world?

Answer: Subjection; tribute; fear; honor

4. Believers are to be subject to rulers for the sake of what?

Answer: Conscience

5. What passage (book and chapter) instructs believers to suffer wrongfully "for conscience toward God"?

Answer: 1 Peter 2

6. In what passage (book and chapter) did Jesus instruct Peter to pay tribute so as not to cause offense to unbelievers?

Answer: Matthew 17

7. What passage (book and chapter) instructs the wife to submit to her husband "as unto the Lord"?

Answer: Ephesians 5

8. What passage (book and chapter) instructs the servant to submit to the master "as unto Christ"?

Answer: Ephesians 6

9. Romans 13 addresses the situation in which the government is not a terror to _____ works, but to _____.

Answer: Good - evil

Christ's Return and Christian Living (Romans 13:11-14)

1. Romans says God's people are to know "the time." What is the meaning of "time" here?

Answer: A period of time in which God is working out His eternal plan

2. What are six times that are mentioned in the New Testament?

Answer: (1) the Mosaic dispensation (2) Christ's first coming (3) Church age (4) the Antichrist (5) the Lord's second coming (6) the fullness of times

3. How do God's people "know the time"?

Answer: By understanding the Bible's timeline of history and Bible prophecy

4. What book and chapter describes men who "had understanding of the times"?

Answer: 1 Chronicles 12

5. What does the Bible mean when it says the coming of the Lord is "at hand"?

Answer: It is imminent.

6. In how many of his epistles did Paul preach this doctrine?

Answer: Four

7. How does this doctrine prove that the Rapture precedes the events of Daniel's 70th week and Revelation 6-18?

Answer: The events of those prophecies are described in detail, so if the Rapture occurred part-way through those events or after those events, it could not be imminent.

8. The events of Daniel's 70th Week and Revelation 6-18 do not pertain to the _____; they pertain to _____.

Answer: Church - Israel

9. The imminent coming of Christ is to produce what four things, according to Romans 13?

Answer: (1) Cast off the works of darkness (2) Put on the armor of light (3) Walk honestly (4) Put on the Lord Jesus Christ and make no provision for the flesh

10. What is the armor of light?

Answer: Everything that is right and true by the standard of God's Word

11. How does Romans 13 refute the doctrine of sinless perfection?

Answer: It commands the believer to put on Christ and to put off the lusts of the flesh in a continual sense.

Separation from False Teachers (Romans 16:17-20)

1. Romans 16:17 is a command to avoid whom?

Answer: "Them which cause divisions and offenses contrary to the doctrine which ye have learned"

2. Does this mean that any kind of divisions are wrong?

Answer: No, it refers to divisions caused by false doctrine

3. Matthew Poole said the passage refers to divisions caused by "some that would broach opinions that are contrary to the doctrine which is _____ and _____."

Answer: Pure - apostolical

4. Charles Hodge said Romans 16:17-20 refers to divisions occasioned by _____ doctrines.

Answer: Erroneous

5. What is the standard by which doctrine is to be judged?

Answer: The Bible

6. What verse says the church at Thessalonica received Paul's epistle as the word of God?

Answer: 1 Thessalonians 2:13

7. What verse says Scripture cannot be broken?

Answer: John 10:35

8. What verse says the jots and tittles of Scripture will not pass away?

Answer: Matthew 5:18

9. What passage (book and chapter) says the Scripture was given in the words of the Holy Spirit?

Answer: 1 Corinthians 2

10. According to Romans 16, what three things are required for protection from false teachers?

Answer: (1) Believers must be taught the doctrines of God's Word (2) False teachers must be marked (3) False teachers must be avoided

11. According to Romans 16, how do false teachers deceive?

Answer: Good words and fair speeches

12. Who are "the simple" who are in danger of being deceived?

Answer: Those who do not test things by God's Word